

FY2024 Results and FY2025 Forecasts

Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd. May 22, 2025

SUMITOMO ELECTRIC GROUP

Table of Contents

1. FY 2024 Results

- 1. Performance summary
- 2. Performance trends
- 3. OP variation factors from FY2023 to FY2024
- 4. Sales and OP by segment
- 5. BS as of FY2024 end
- 6. Free cash flow

2. FY 2025 Forecast

- 1. Summary of business environment
- 2. Consolidated performance forecast
- 3. Impact of US tariffs
- 4. OP variation factors from FY2024 to FY2025
- 5. Sales and OP by segment

3. Status and Initiatives by Segment

- 1. Environment and energy
- 2. Info-communications
- 3. Automotive
- 4. Electronics
- 5. Industrial materials

4. Toward Enhancing Corporate Values

- 1. Initiatives to Improve ROIC
- -1. Initiatives to Improve Profitability
- -2. Initiatives to Improve Asset Efficiency
- 2. Cash generation and allocation
- 3. ROE and ROIC by segment
- 4. "Goho Yoshi" (Five-Way Win) – Multi-stakeholder capitalism–
- 5. GX initiatives
- 6. Shareholder returns and dividends

(Reference)

- Stock Price Trends
- · Full Year Performance (by Segment)



1. FY 2024 Results



1-1. Performance summary

| | | Announced in February 2025 | | | Announced in May 2023 |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------------------------|
| | FY2023 | FY2024 | FY2024 | | FY2025 |
| ¥bn | Actual | Plan | Actual | Growth | 25M Plan |
| Net Sales | 4,402.8 | 4,600.0 | 4,679.8 | +6% | 4,400.0 |
| Operating Profit | 226.6 | 280.0 | 320.7 | +41% | 250.0 |
| Ordinary Income | 215.3 | 266.0 | 309.5 | +44% | |
| Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent | 149.7 | 160.0 | 193.8 | +29% | |
| Before tax ROIC | 7.6% | | 9.3% | | 8% or more |
| ROE | 7.3% | | 8.6% | | 8% or more |
| USD EUR | ¥145 ¥157 | | ¥153 ¥164 | | ¥130 |
| Copper | ¥1262k/t | | ¥1478k/t | | ¥140 ¥1200k/t |

Net sales increased by 6% from the previous year, mainly due to efforts to expand sales of products such as electric power cable and optical devices for data centers, as well as the yen's depreciation and rising copper prices. Profits also **increased from the previous year** as a result of sweeping improvements to productivity and sale prices as well as cost reductions. **Net sales, operating profit, ordinary profit, and net profit were all at record highs.**

Net sales, operating profit, ROIC (before taxes), and ROE all exceeded medium-term targets ahead of schedule.



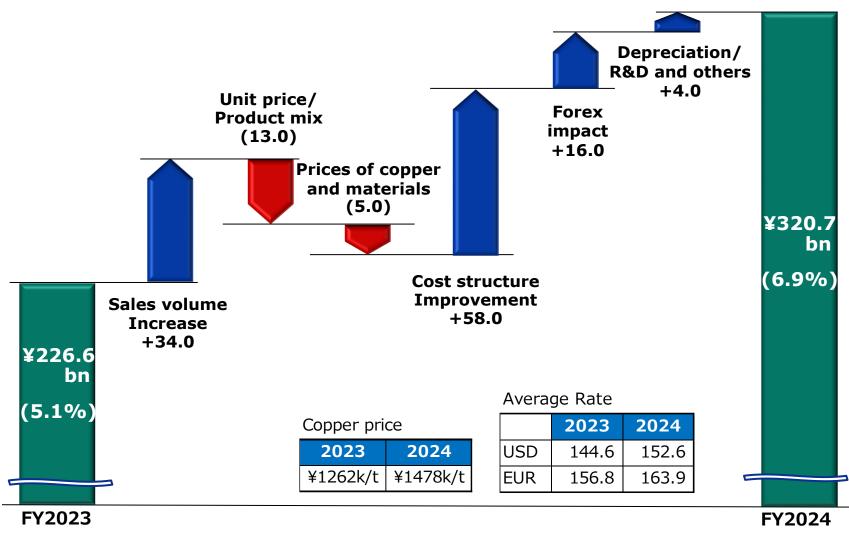
1-2. Performance trends

Operating profit reached 320.7 billion yen, setting a new record high OP rate of 6.9% also set a new record high 4,679.8 4,402.8 4,400.0 4,005.6 320.7 (¥bn) 280.0 **Sales** 3,367,9 3,082.2 ^{3,178.0} 3,107.0 250.0 2,933.1 2,918.6 2,814.5 226.6 Previous OP Plan 177.4 173.1 6.9% 166.3 150.5 143.5 127.2 5.6% 122.2 113.9 **5.3%** 5.1% **5.2%** 4.9% 4.4% 4.1% **OP** rate 3.9% 3.6% FY2015 FY2016 FY2017 FY2018 FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 FY2024 **Mid-Plan** 25M



1-3. OP variation factors from FY2023 to FY2024

(%):OP Rate



Connect with Innovation

1-4. Sales and OP by segment

Environment and energy segment and automotive segments achieved record-high sales and operating profit.

| | FY20 Actua | | FY20 Revised F | | FY2024 Actual③ | | | Growth ③-① | | ence ·② |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|--------|---------------|-------|------------|
| ¥bn | Sales | OP | Sales | OP | Sales | ОР | Sales | OP | Sales | OP |
| Environment and Energy | 980.0 | 42.9 | 1,090.0 | 65.0 | 1,081.3 | 78.7 | +101.4 | +35.8 | (8.7) | +13.7 |
| Infocommunications | 206.1 | (11.6) | 230.0 | 17.0 | 223.3 | 19.9 | +17.2 | +31.5 | (6.7) | +2.9 |
| Automotive | 2,596.4 | 144.7 | 2,670.0 | 152.0 | 2,734.7 | 172.4 | +138.3 | +27.7 | +64.7 | +20.4 |
| Electronics | 356.5 | 29.3 | 360.0 | 26.0 | 377.2 | 29.3 | +20.8 | +0.0 | +17.2 | +3.3 |
| Industrial Materials and Others | 364.2 | 21.1 | 360.0 | 20.0 | 372.7 | 20.6 | +8.5 | (0.5) | +12.7 | +0.6 |
| Total | 4,402.8 | 226.6 | 4,600.0 | 280.0 | 4,679.8 | 320.7 | +277.0 | +94.0 | +79.8 | +40.7 |

*Differences between the aggregate of all segments and Total are consolidated eliminations.



1-5. BS as of FY2024 end

| ¥ bn | FY2023 Atual① | FY2024 Actual② | Difference 2-1 | ¥bn | FY2023 Actual① | FY2024 Actual② | Difference ②—① |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and Time Deposits | 269.7 | 295.9 | +26.2 | Trade Payables | 479.8 | 473.8 | (6.0) |
| Trade Receivables | 912.4 | 911.9 | (0.5) | Interest Bearing Debt | 801.5 | 775.9 | (25.6) |
| Inventories | 885.0 | 923.0 | +38.0 | Other | 652.2 | 661.5 | +9.3 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 1,098.2 | 1,121.8 | +23.7 | Total Liabilities | 1,933.5 | 1,911.2 | (22.3) |
| Investment Securities | 607.1 | 604.7 | (2.4) | Total Shareholders' Equity | 1,738.1 | 1,862.9 | +124.9 |
| Other | 593.0 | 584.2 | (8.7) | Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | 469.6 | 427.5 | (42.1) |
| | | | | Non-Controlling Interests | 224.2 | 240.0 | +15.8 |
| | | | | Total Net Assets | 2,431.9 | 2,530.4 | +98.5 |
| Total Assets | 4,365.4 | 4,441.6 | +76.2 | Total Liabilities and Net Assets | 4,365.4 | 4,441.6 | +76.2 |



1-6. Free cash flow

Increased net profit generated cash of over 400 billion yen in operating cash flow. We secured a surplus of 178.3 billion yen in free cash flow.

| | | FY2023 | FY2024 | Difference |
|----------------|--|----------|----------------------------|------------|
| | ¥ bn | Actual ① | Actual ² | (2-1) |
| | Profit before Income Taxes | 238.5 | 304.1 | +65.5 |
| | Depreciation and Amortization | 206.3 | 206.2 | (0.2) |
| | Changes in Working Capital | 47.6 | △25.6 | (73.2) |
| | Other | ∆99.0 | ∆82.4 | +16.6 |
| Cash | Flows from Operating Activities | 393.5 | 402.3 | +8.8 |
| | Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment | △179.3 | △199.8 | (20.5) |
| | Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities | 70.1 | 13.0 | (57.1) |
| | Other | ∆14.6 | ∆37.1 | (22.5) |
| Cash | Flows from Investing Activities | △123.8 | ∆ 223.9 | (100.1) |
| Free Cash Flow | | 269.7 | 178.3 | (91.3) |



2. FY 2025 Forecast



2-1. Summary of business environment

- ✓ In the fields of info-communication, investment by data center operators is increasing due to the expansion of generative AI.
 Demand for data center-related products is increasing further.
- ✓ Demand for environment and energy is expected to remain strong both domestically and overseas.
- ✓ In automotive business, demand is expected to stagnate in China and Europe due to the economic slowdown, and additional tariffs imposed by the US are expected to affect both sales and costs (In the medium to long term, the direction of business opportunities expanding with the progress of CASE remains unchanged)

The impact of additional tariffs on the global economy is difficult to predict and the outlook is uncertain. However, we will strive to minimize the impact of tariffs and aim to increase profits based on our actual strengths, excluding the impact of tariffs.



2-2. Consolidated performance forecast

Announced in May 2023

| ¥bn | FY2023 Actual | FY2024 Actual | FY2025 Plan | Growth | FY2025 25M Plan |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Net Sales | 4,402.8 | 4,679.8 | 4,500.0 | (4%) | 4,400.0 |
| Operating Profit | 226.6 | 320.7 | 275.0 | (14%) | 250.0 |
| Ordinary Income | 215.3 | 309.5 | 280.0 | (10%) | |
| Profit Attributable to Owners of the Parent | 149.7 | 193.8 | 190.0 | (2%) | |
| Before tax ROIC | 7.6% | 9.3% | 9.0% | | 8% or more |
| ROE | 7.3% | 8.6% | 8.2% | | 8% or more |
| USD EUR Copper | | ¥153 ¥164 ¥1478k/t | ¥140 ¥155 ¥1400k/t | | ¥130 ¥140 ¥1200k/t |

Due to the impact of additional US tariffs and exchange rates, FY2025 plan is not as high as the FY2024 results, but net sales, operating profit, ordinary profit, and net profit will all reach the second-highest levels on record.

We plan to achieve medium-term targets for net sales, operating profit, ROIC (before taxes), and ROE.



2-3. Impact of US tariffs (Assumptions used in the latest guidance)

Direct impact (main impacts listed)

Wire harnesses: Additional 25% tariff on automotive parts (USMCA-compliant products are exempt until June)

Other products: Additional 10% for the most part (Mexico and Canada: +25%, Steel & Aluminum: +25%)

Indirect impact

Decrease by 10% in automobile sales in the U.S., etc.

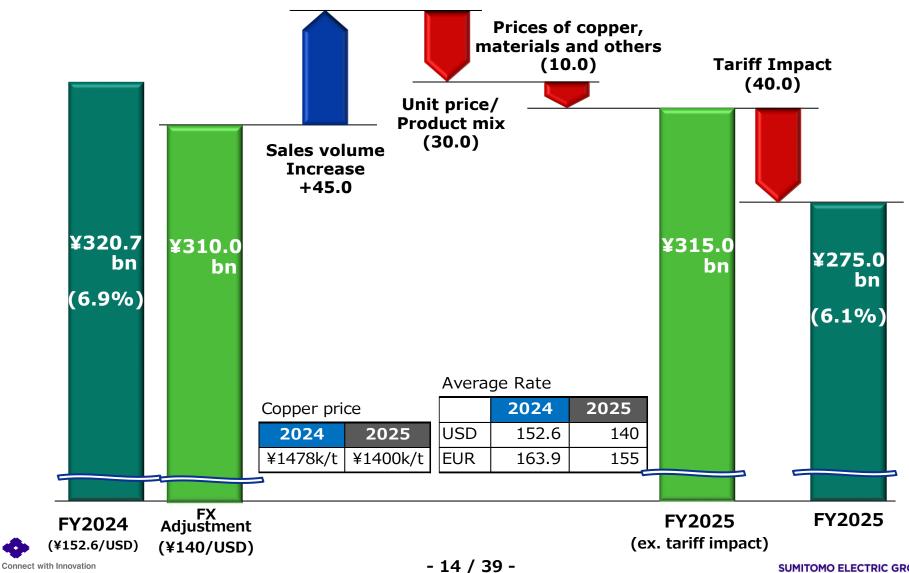
Reflection in guidance

We will strive to minimize the impact through cost pass-through and production structure reviews, having factored in a downside risk of **40 billion yen in operating income losses**, including indirect effects.



2-4. OP variation factors from FY2024 to FY2025

(%):OP Rate



2-5. Sales and OP by segment

Info-communications segment is expected to achieve record operating profit.

| | FY20 | 24 | FY2025 | | Difference | | 25M | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|------|--------------|-------|---------|--------|-------------|-------|
| | Actua | al① | 1HPla | n | Annual Plan@ | | 2-0 | 1) | FY2025 Plan | |
| ¥bn | Sales | OP | Sales | ОР | Sales | ОР | Sales | OP | Sales | ОР |
| Environment and Energy | 1,081.3 | 78.7 | 510.0 | 23.0 | 1,090.0 | 62.0 | +8.7 | (16.7) | 1,020.0 | 50.0 |
| Infocommunications | 223.3 | 19.9 | 130.0 | 11.0 | 280.0 | 37.0 | +56.7 | +17.1 | 280.0 | 25.0 |
| Automotive | 2,734.7 | 172.4 | 1,210.0 | 35.0 | 2,500.0 | 127.0 | (234.7) | (45.4) | 2,500.0 | 110.0 |
| Electronics | 377.2 | 29.3 | 180.0 | 13.0 | 360.0 | 25.0 | (17.2) | (4.3) | 360.0 | 30.0 |
| Industrial Materials and Others | 372.7 | 20.6 | 190.0 | 9.0 | 390.0 | 24.0 | +17.3 | +3.4 | 390.0 | 35.0 |
| Total | 4,679.8 | 320.7 | 2,170.0 | 91.0 | 4,500.0 | 275.0 | (179.8) | (45.7) | 4,400.0 | 250.0 |

*Differences between the aggregate of all segments and Total are consolidated eliminations.



3. Status and initiatives by segment



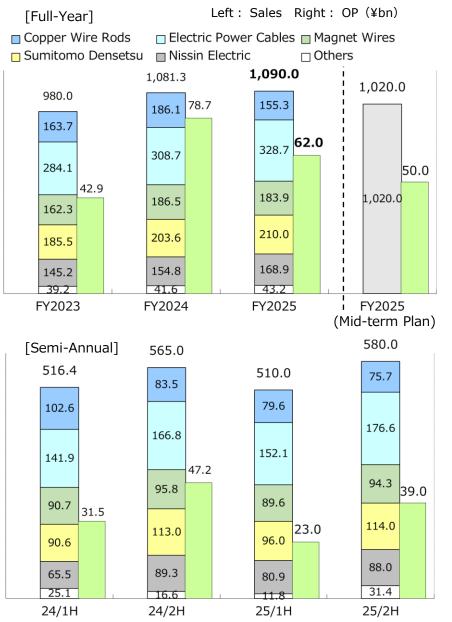
3-1. Environment and Energy

Business environment

- The shift toward a decarbonized society continues. Investment in energy infrastructure is very active in Japan and overseas, and demand for electric power cable and transmission and distribution equipment will remain bullish.
- Steady demand for the rectangular magnet wires for electric vehicles

Initiatives

- Increase orders for electric power cable, launch new European plant, reduce costs, improve quality, develop new products, and strengthen project management
- Increase orders for transmission and distribution equipment, expand production capacity, and strengthen development and proposals for environmentally friendly products
- Reduce costs for the rectangular magnet wires used in electric vehicles and develop next-generation products





3-2. Info-Communications

Business environment

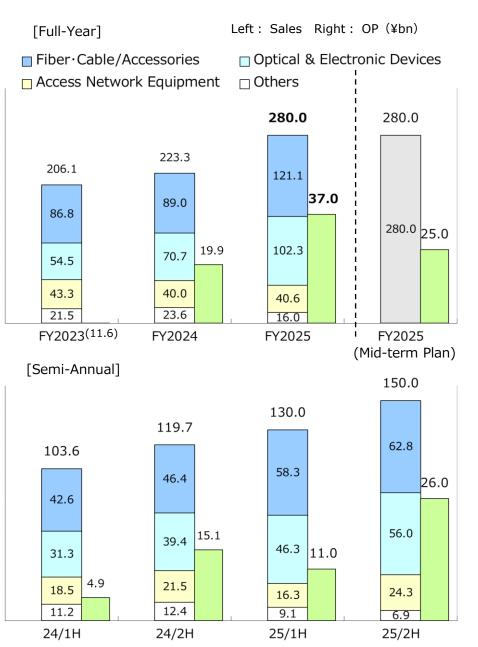
• The expansion of generative AI will increase demand for data center-related products (optical devices, optical connectors, optical cables, and compound semiconductor substrates)

• Telecom investment is expected to remain sluggish for the near future

• As the volume of data transmission increases, demands for higher speeds, smaller sizes, and lower power consumption will become even greater

Initiatives

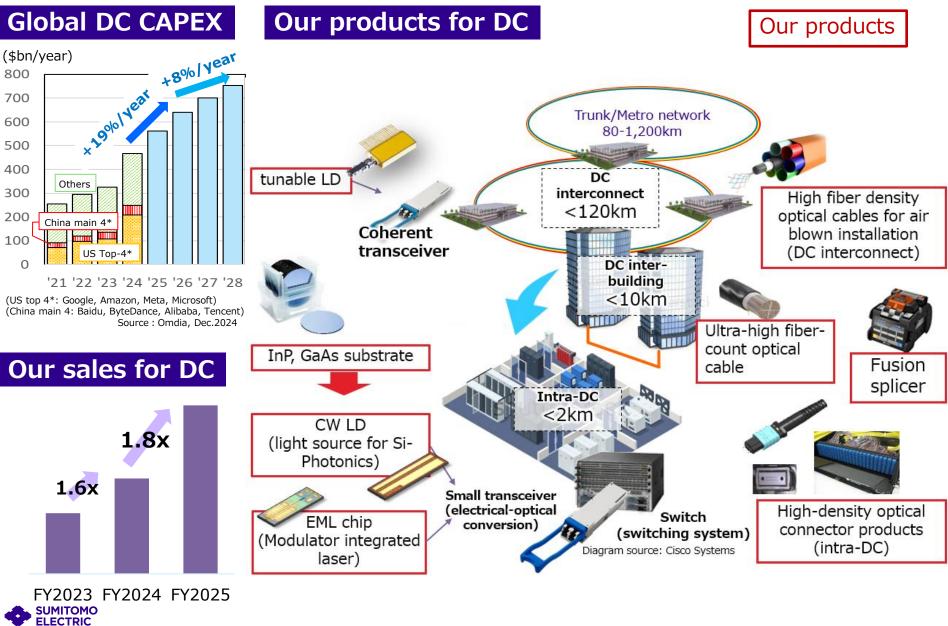
- Develop new products, promote sales and stregnthen production capacity for data center products (Optical devices, optical connectors, optical cables, compound semiconductor substrates)
- Develop and promote ultra low-loss, high-capacity optical fiber for use as subsea cables
- Develop and promote high-efficiency GaN devices





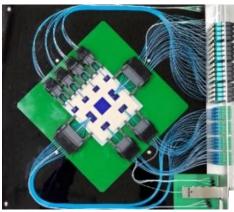
3-2. Info-Communications

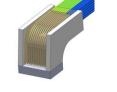
Connect with Innovation



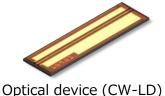
3-2. Info-Communications

CPO (Co-Packaged Optics)





Optical IC connector



(light source for

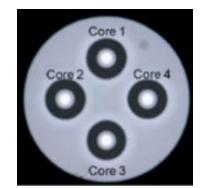
Si-Photonics)

Example of CPO wiring inside equipment

Multi-core fiber

• CPO is expected to be adopted in the future as a technology that improves data transmission speed and reduces power consumption.

• We are recognized by our customers as a manufacturer that can provide many key components for CPO, which incorporates cutting-edge technologies.



Cross section of multi-core fiber



Multi-core fusion splicer

• We are the first company in the world to successfully mass-produce multi-core fibers for subsea cables.

• We are currently proposing solutions using multi-core fibers to meet the demand for higher density in data centers.



3-3. Automotive

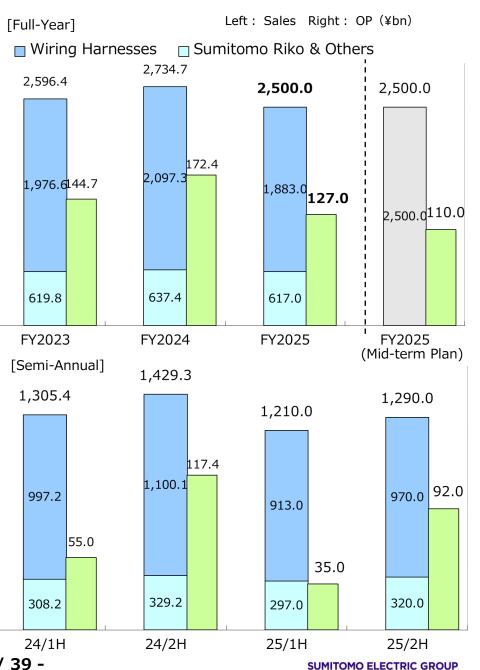
Business environment

• In addition to declining customer demand in China and Europe, orders for wiring harnesses are expected to fall below the previous year due to the impact of additional US tariffs.

• Although the slowdown in EV sales continues, Japanese OEMs' HEV sales remain strong. Furthermore, the direction of CASE development will remain unchanged.

Initiatives

- Make flexible responses to changes in the business environment, including additional US tariffs.
- Strengthen business structure (enhance manufacturing capability and improve the efficiency of assets).
- Active expansion of new designs and production methods (split harnesses etc.).
- Create and promote new product lines for CASE.

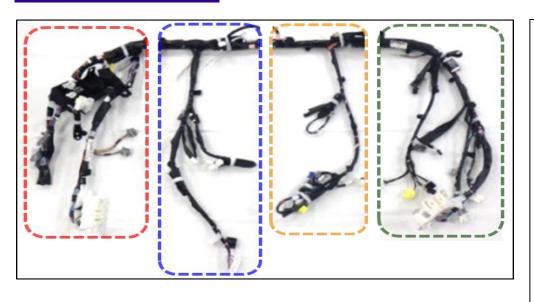


- 21 / 39 -

3-3. Automotive

Active expansion of new designs and production methods –

Split harness



<Advantages>

 Simple form that is easy to automate
 Capable of handling a wide variety of products with a small number of product numbers
 Risk hedge and local production for local consumption by avoiding centralized production

Progress: Progressing according to plan

Production preparations are proceeding as planned for the first vehicle model to feature this technology.

Prototype production is currently underway at locations in Japan and overseas. Mass production is scheduled to begin in FY 2025.



3-4. Electronics

Business environment

 FPC demand remains steady for major customers (Sales) decrease in FY 2025 due to advance demand toward the previous fiscal year).

 Electronic wire sales are expected to increase in automotive applications, and new business areas such as aerospace will also see expansion.

Initiatives

- Further improve the performance of FPCs and expand sales to new fields (medical, CASE, data centers, etc.)
- Capture demand for electronic wires for automotive \checkmark applications and expand sales to new fields (aerospace, medical, etc.)
- Expand market share of heat-shrinkable tubing in the \checkmark automotive/aeronautics fields and expand sales to new fields (medical, infrastructure)
- Achieve thorough total cost reduction

Left: Sales Right: OP (¥bn) [Full-Year] Electronic Wire Products FPCs Fine Polymer Techno Associe Others 377.2 360.0 360.0 356.5 109.1 108.1105.7 106.3 92.4 96.6 360.0 23.9 29.3 25.1 30.0 29.3 27.9 25.0 98.1 96.3 98.9 38.2 38.6 28.5 FY2023 FY2024 FY2025 FY2025 (Mid-term Plan) [Semi-Annual] 191.5 185.8 180.0 180.0 54.9 54.2 53.0 55.148.8 57.5 44.3 52.3 18.2 12.7 12.4 13.2 13.0 14.7 12.0 11.149.3 48.8 50.6 48.3 20.8 17.9 15.3 13.2 24/1H 24/2H 25/1H 25/2H - 23 / 39 -

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3-5. Industrial materials

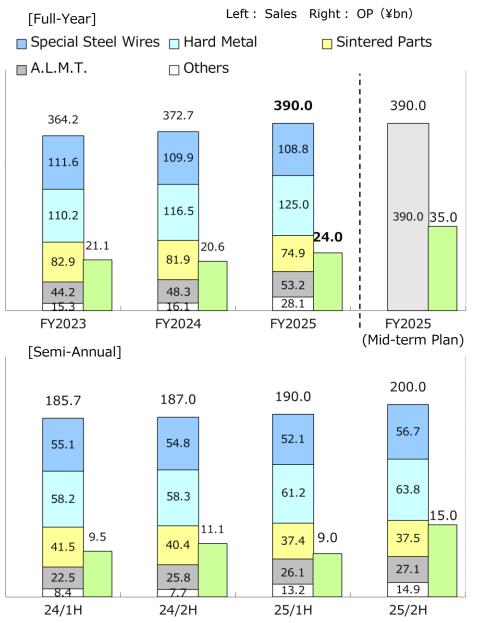
Business environment

• Demand for cemented carbide tools stagnated in China, Europe, and Japan in FY 2024. In FY 2025, orders are expected to increase due to a recovery in demand and expanded sales.

• Expansion into new markets such as electric vehicles, aircraft, and renewable energy. In addition, emerging markets such as India are also growing.

Initiatives

- Global sales promotion of cemented-carbide tools; breaking into new markets (electric vehicles, aircraft, semiconductors, and renewable energy) and expanding market share
- Develop and promote new sintered products for EVs and non-vehicle use, and enhance cost-competitiveness
- Reinforce manufacturing and selling structure for PC steel materials and wire used in springs while improving profitability by developing new products





4. Toward Enhancing Corporate Values



4. Toward Enhancing Corporate Values

Mid-term Management Plan 2025

Mid-term Management Plan 2025 (FY2023-FY2025)

2022 VISION Creating a Green Society through our Connecting and Supporting Technologies

Development of a Decarbonized Society

Evolution of the Information Society

With-covid/Post-covid Society

Decoupling and destabilization in the global community

FY2022 (actual) Net sales : 4.0 trillion yen Operating profit : 177.4 billion yen Before tax ROIC : 6.6%

FY2025

Net sales : 4.4 trillion yen Operating profit : 250 billion yen Before tax ROIC : >8%

FY2030 (2030 VISION)

Net Sales :>5 trillion yen

2030

Next Mid-Term

Ianagement Plan

SION

Before tax ROIC :>10%



Glorious Excellent Company

4. Toward Enhancing Corporate Values

Aiming for sustainable enhancement of corporate values by pursuing growth and efficiency through growth strategies and strengthening of the foundation set forth in the Mid-term Management Plan 2025.

Growth Potential

30V Target Sales expansion of more than 1 trillion yen in 3 focal areas

Three focal areas: Energy, Info-communications, and Mobility

25M Target Expand sales by 400 billion yen through growth themes

(700 billion yen in $2022 \rightarrow 1.1$ trillion yen in 2025)

| Energy | Interconnectors / battery storages for power grids Renewable energy networks Environmentally friendly power transmission and distribution / energy-saving equipment |
|-------------------------|--|
| Info- communications | -High-speed large-capacity and low-latency communications network -Data Centers and related Equipment -Next-generation telecommunication devices and equipment |
| Mobility | -Materials for electrified automobiles / weight reduced materials -Driver-assistance and autonomous driving systems -Mobility solutions from energy infrastructure and integrated transport infrastructure |

Efficiency

30V Target Before-tax ROIC of 10% or more

25M Target Before-tax ROIC of 8% or more ROE 8% or more

Maximize cash generation through efficiency.

EBITDD 1.6 trillion yen over 3 years

EBITDD: Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Development



4-1. Initiatives to Improve ROIC

Set ROIC as the most important indicator for efficiency improvement and work on improvement.

| ROIC T | ree Items | Focal Initiatives |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Improving profitability | Improving operating margin ratio | Improving profitability through higher added value Pursuing innovative technologies and manufacturing methods Improving orders-received profitability |
| | Reducing interest rate burden | Reducing interest-bearing debt (to improve financial soundness) |
| | BS overall | Strengthening division-specific B/S and free CF management (estimation of WACC by division) Reviewing cross shareholdings |
| Improving asset efficiency | CCC (Improving working assets) | Optimizing inventory balances and number of days held Improving balance of receivables and payables and number of days held |
| | Tangible fixed assets | Capital investment management (Improving investment certainty and strengthening investment budget management) |



4-1-1. Initiatives to Improve Profitability

High added value

Pursuit of high value-added products through "business metabolism"

| Magnet |
|--------|
| wire |

Focusing on "rectangular magnet wires" that contribute to higher performance and weight reduction of electric vehicles

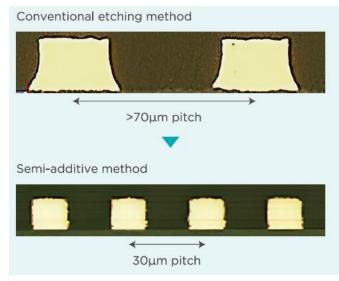


Info-communications

Strengthening data center products

Optical cables for data centers

FPC Focusing on high value-added products utilizing fine pitch circuit technology



Wire harnesses

Expansion of new products contributing to electrification and connectivity

Cemented carbide tools

Introduction of new products such as tools for aircraft applications and wind power generation parts



equipment

4-1-2. Initiatives to Improve Asset Efficiency

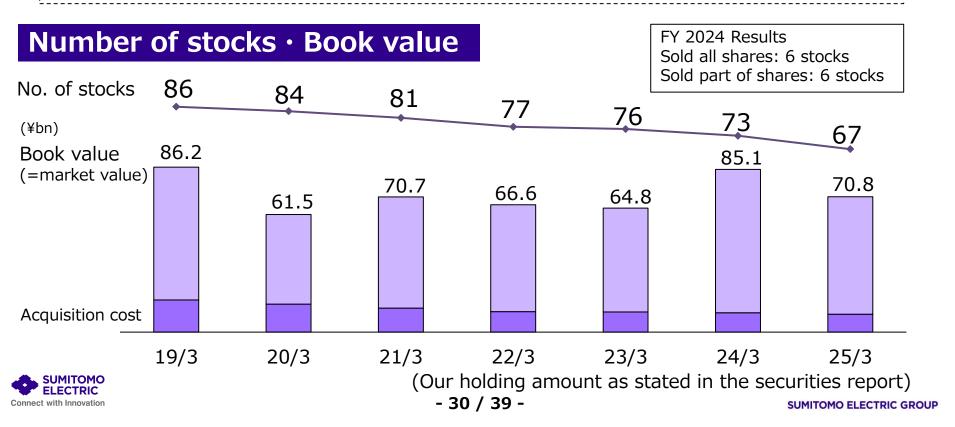
Strategic shareholdings

(Presentation material November 2024, republished)

Examining the significance of holding more strictly than before.

The balance is over 300 billion yen (as of the end of September 2024), including the pure investment purpose portion held by subsidiaries, but we will actively reduce it by at least half within the next few years.

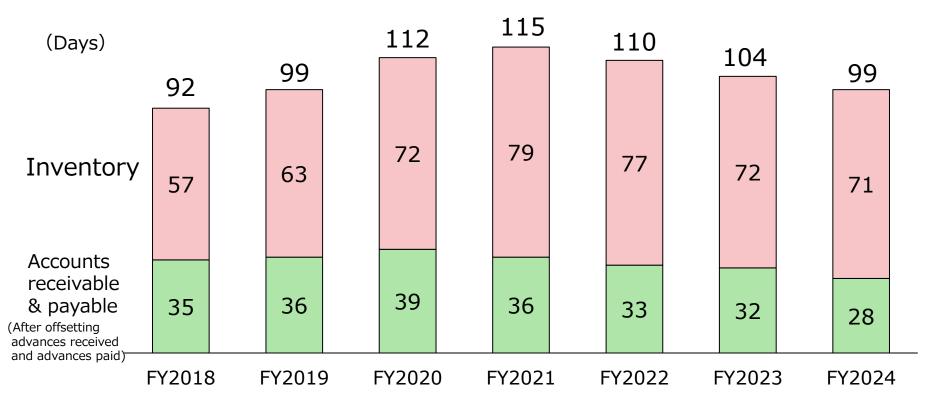
The cash acquired will be used for future growth investments and shareholder returns.



4-1-2. Initiatives to Improve Asset Efficiency

CCC (Cash Conversion Cycle)

Promoting initiatives to reduce to pre-pandemic levels

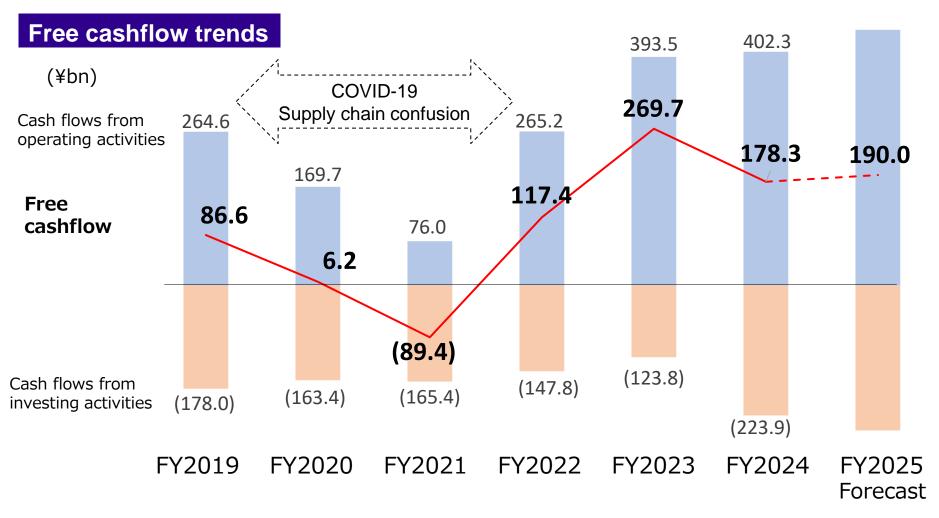




- Shortening manufacturing and procurement lead times
- Visualizing inventory using DX
- Trade receivables and payables site negotiations
- ROIC analysis by customers



4-2. Cash generation and allocation



Earning power has improved since the COVID-19 pandemic. We are focusing on asset efficiency and maximizing free cash flow.

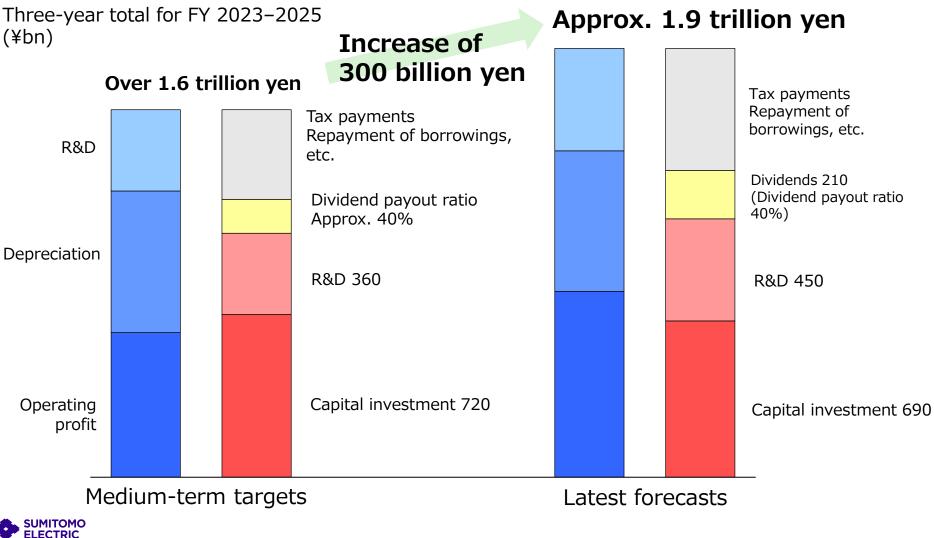


4-2. Cash generation and allocation

EBITDD and use of cash

ct with Innovation

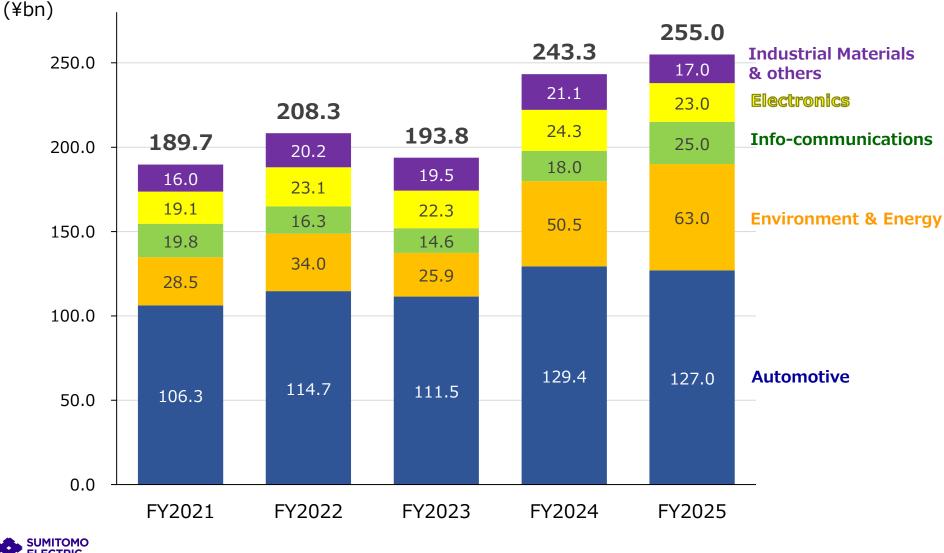
Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Development



4-2. Cash generation and allocation

Capital investment by segment

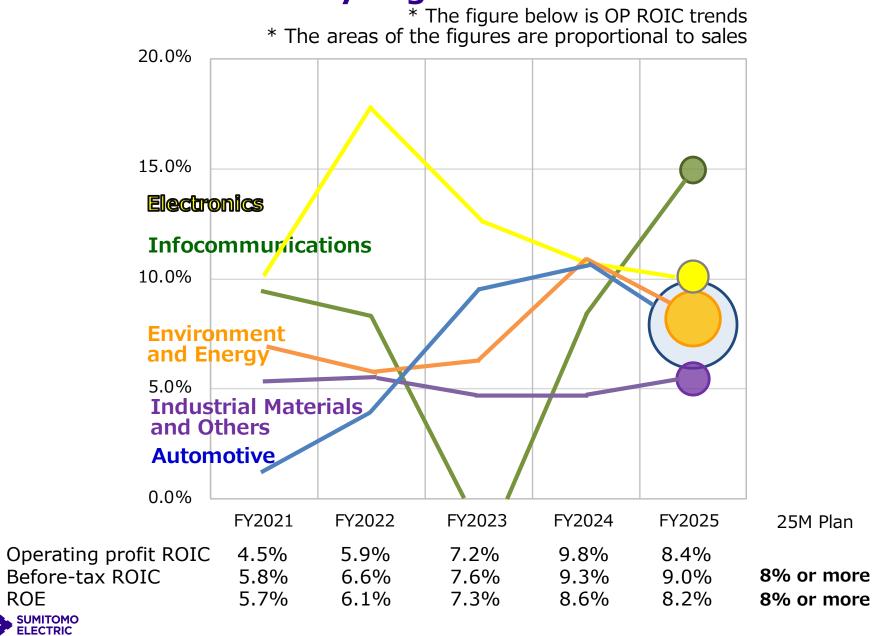
Progress in line with medium-term targets (average of 240 billion yen per year)



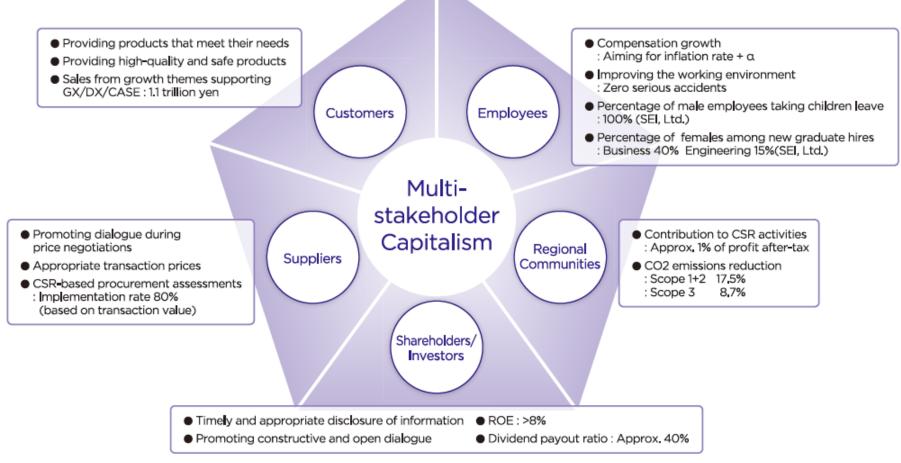
Connect with Innovation

4-3. ROE and ROIC by segment

Connect with Innovation



4-4. "Goho Yoshi" (Five-Way Win) Multi-Stakeholder Capitalism



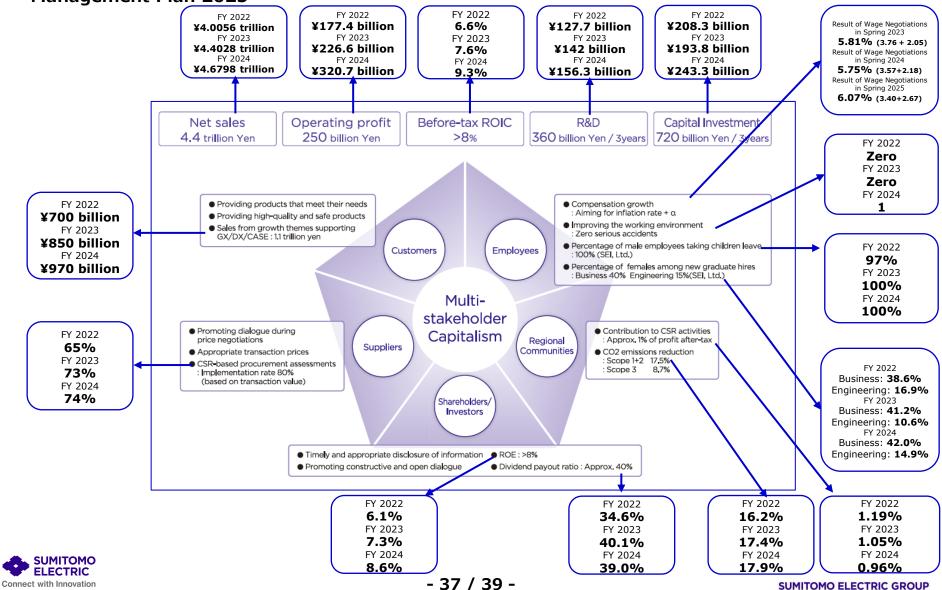
"Goho Yoshi" (Five-Way Win) is the approach by which our group has managed its operations thus far, based on the Sumitomo corporate philosophy.

We aim for mutual prosperity with our multi-stakeholders ,including our employees, customers, suppliers, communities, and shareholders/investors, as we work to achieve sustainable growth and improve our enterprise value over the medium and long terms.



4-4. "Goho Yoshi" (Five-Way Win) Multi-Stakeholder Capitalism

Periodically measure the progress of each stakeholder metric to help achieve the Mid-term Management Plan 2025



4-5. GX initiatives

New website launched to introduce our GX initiatives



Consolidation of products, technologies and services that contribute to GX provided by our group, as well as activities such as reducing greenhouse gas emissions

URL: https://sei.co.jp/gx/ (Japanese only)

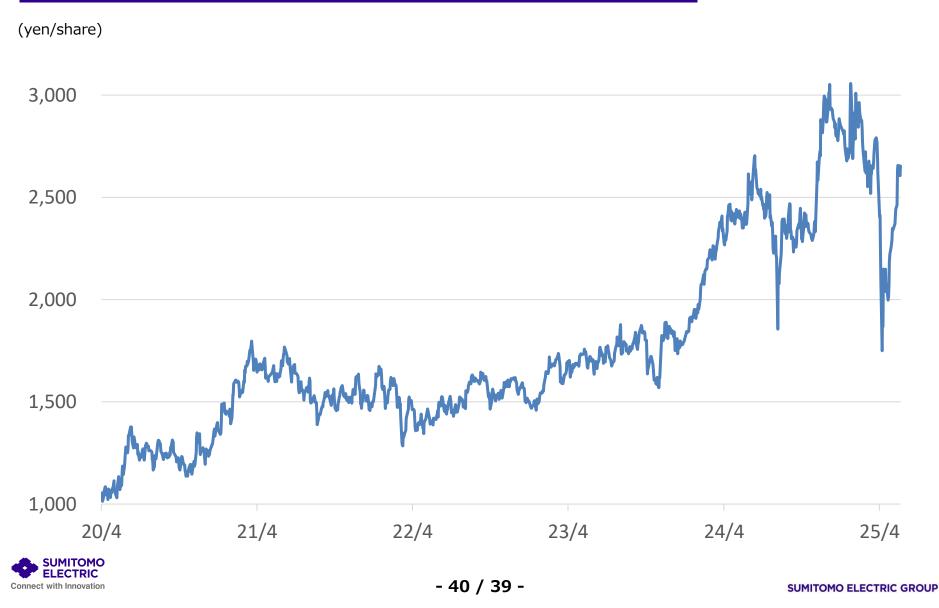


4-6. Shareholder returns and dividends Dividends paid in line with the medium-term target (¥/share) (Dividend payout ratio : Approx. 40%) 120 Year end dividend payment Intermediate dividend payment Increased dividend ¥100 ¥97 100 ¥77 80 50 61 60 ¥50 ¥50 ¥48 ¥46 52 41 ¥40 40 ¥32 25 25 24 25 16 50 16 20 36 36 25 25 25 24 24 21 16 0 FY2020 FY2017 FY2018 FY2019 FY2021 FY2022 FY2023 Plan FY2024 FY2025 Earnings per 154.29 151.38 93.24 72.25 123.49 144.45 191.98 248.47 243.63 share (Yen) Dividend 29.8% 31.7% 42.9% 44.3% 40.5% 34.6% 40.1% 39.0% 41.0% **Payout Ratio**

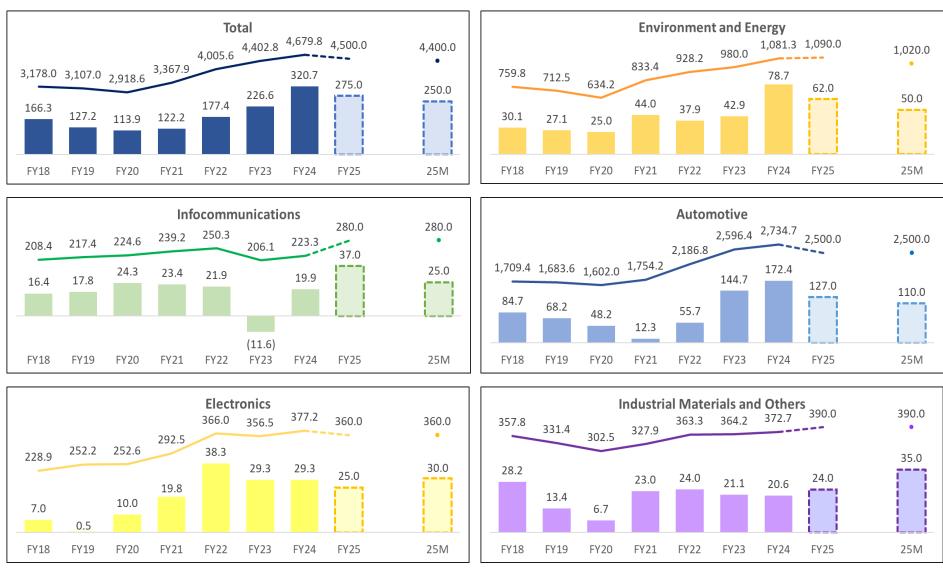


(Reference) Stock Price Trends

Stock Price Trends(over the most recent five-year period)



(Reference) Full Year Performance (by segment)



line:Sales bar:OP (¥bn)



Notes on Perspective Information

This presentation material contains various outlook and perspective information derived from our own presumptions and judgments based on currently available information on conditions and prospects of each market and economic circumstances such as currency exchange rate fluctuations. All figures and statements with respect to the future performances, projections, and business plans of Sumitomo Electric and its affiliated companies are constituted by those outlook and perspective information. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but not limited to:

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